**Preliminary****Overview**

The LC66E516 is a 4-bit single-chip microcomputer with an EPROM on-chip, and can be used for developing and evaluating application programs for the LC665XX series 4-bit single-chip microcomputers.

The LC66E516 microcomputer is a 4-bit single-chip LSI with an EPROM on-chip and brought to you in ceramic DIC64S package with a window and ceramic QFC64 package with a window. This window permits the user to erase EPROM program data as many times as he or she wants. Then, it could be said that this single-chip LSI is best suited for developing application programs.

The LC66E516 microcomputer has the same function and the pin assignment as those of the 4-bit single-chip mask programmed ROM-version LC66E516 microcomputer. The on-chip EPROM is 16K bytes in size.

Features

- (1) Optional functions user-selectable by specifying EPROM option data.

The 56 optional functions on the LC665XX series single-chip microcomputers can be selected by writing appropriate data to the on-chip EPROM. This function specification by the user allows application system to be developed and tested under the same working environment as that of production chip. In other words, the same interface circuit functions as those of production chips can be built up by the user.

Please note that the above-mentioned optional functions include port output type (open-drain or pull-up), output pin logic level at reset, watchdog timer selection and the like.

- (2) On-chip 16KB EPROM

The on-chip EPROM enable the user to develop and evaluate application programs which can be run on every LC665XX series microcomputer. Please note that the LC665XX series microcomputers are LC66506B, LC66508B, LC66512B, LC66516B, LC66556A, LC66558A, LC66562A, LC66566A, LC66556B, LC66558B, LC66562B, LC66566B and that they are listed in the table on page 19 with a few pieces of information.

- (3) Write/Read operation with an EPROM writer

Used with the dedicated writer board (W66E516DH for DIC, W66E516QH for QFC), an EPROM writer available on your local market permits the user to write or read data to or from the 16KB on-chip EPROM. Please note that the EPROM writer should be an ADVANTEST product or the EVA800/850 accessory writer used for the 27128 type EPROM.

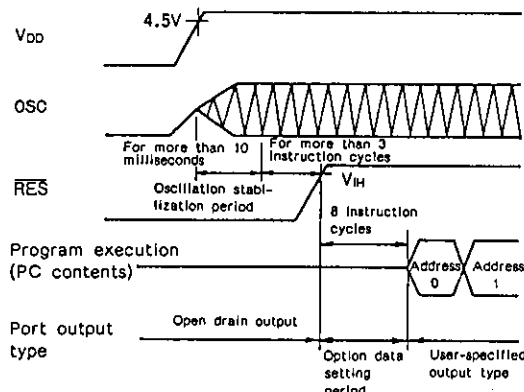
- (4) Pin-compatible with a mask programmed ROM-version single-chip microcomputer (LC66516B, for example)
- (5) Instruction cycle time: 0.92 μ s to 10 μ s
- (6) Single +5V power supply ($T_a = 10^\circ\text{C}$ to 40°C)

Usage notes

The LC66E516 single-chip LSI is intended for use by those who are in charge of the development and evaluation of application programs for the LC665XX series 4-bit single-chip microcomputers. Please keep in mind the following when the user application developers are to work with this single-chip microcomputer.

(1) Notes on LC66E516 internal operations after reset

As the figure shows, the LC66E516 microcomputer starts normal program execution at least 3 instruction cycles later after the oscillation by the OSC function block becomes stable. In other words, the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ pin level (active low) must be active for at least 3 instruction cycles after the oscillation becomes stabilized. As the figure also shows, the oscillation stabilization requires more than 10 milliseconds. It is also shown that option data setting requires 8 instruction cycles after the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ pin level changes to the inactive level (or to V_{IH} voltage level). After all those operations are carried out, the LC66E516 microcomputer starts program execution normally from address 0 in the EPROM (that is, the content at address 0 is automatically set in the program counter (PC)). At this point, please note that port output type will be open-drain, not pull-up output type, as long as the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ pin stays active.



(2) Notes on evaluation of user application programs for the LC66506, LC66508, LC66512, LC66556, LC66558, LC66562, microcomputers

The above six mask programmed ROM-version microcomputers are equipped with different ROMs in size from that of the LC66E516 microcomputer. Therefore, the following things should be taken into consideration when you are to make an access to the ROM on the LC66E516 microcomputer.

First, it should be kept in mind that the last 8 addresses between 3FF8 and 3FFF are used by the user in order to specify functional option data. This 8-byte area is called option specification area. This option specification area must be exclusively used for storing function option data. The option specification will be discussed in detail later in this catalog.

As far as the cross assembler to be employed is concerned, the user should use the one for the LC66516 microcomputer.

In addition, when you write your user application program, you cannot make any access to addresses beyond the area of a mask programmed ROM. Such addresses cannot exist anywhere on mask programmed ROM-version microcomputers. To avoid such an illegal access to those nonexistent area, it is recommended that jump (or branch) operations with a JMP instruction and so on be used in your user application program. Furthermore, please write "0" to the area beyond that of a mask programmed ROM. In this case, needless to say, the last 8 addresses of the EPROM should be excluded from the "0" padding.

When evaluating the LC66506, LC66508, LC66556, LC66558, do not use the SB instruction.

(3) Program protection from exposure to light

Exposure to light will destroy the precious EPROM data that you have entered with much labor. In order to protect them, it should be strongly recommended that the EPROM window should be covered with an opaque label while you are at work with the EPROM.

(4) For the LC66E516/P516, if the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ is set to "L" level during the HOLD mode ($\overline{\text{HOLD}}=L$), be sure to change the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ level from "L" to "H" and then change the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ level from "L" to "H" when releasing the HOLD mode.

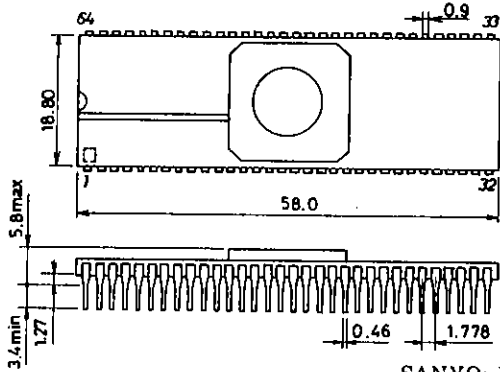
Comparison of LC66E516 and masked ROM version (LC665XX)

Item	LC66E516	LC665XX series (masked ROM version)	
		LC6650X series (including tool)	LC6655X series
Differences in system			
• Hardware wait time (number of cycles) at HOLD mode released state	65536 cycles Approx. 64ms at 4MHz (T _{cyc} = 1μs)	65536 cycles Approx. 64ms at 4MHz (T _{cyc} = 1μs)	16384 cycles Approx. 32ms at 2MHz (T _{cyc} = 2μs) Approx. 64ms at 1MHz (T _{cyc} = 4μs)
• Value (including the value after HOLD mode release) of timer 0 during reset	"FFOH" is set.	"FFOH" is set.	"FFCH" is set.
• Port output type during reset	Open-drain output (other than P0,P1) (floating) H/L output (P0,P1) with pull-up	Option-specified output type	Option-specified output type
Differences in main characteristics			
• Operating supply voltage /operating speed	4.5V to 5.5V/0.92 to 10μs	4.0V to 6.0V/0.92 to 10μs (tool: 5V ±5%)	2.2V to 5.5V/3.92 to 10μs 3.0V to 5.5V/1.96 to 10μs
• Operating free-air temperature (T _{opr})	10 to 40°C	-30 to +70°C	
• Current drain during HALT mode ON (I _{DD HALT})	5.0mA max. (4MHz ceramic resonator oscillation) 6.0mA max. (4MHz external clock source) 5.0mA max. (3MHz typ. RC oscillation)	2.5mA max. (4MHz ceramic resonator oscillation) 3.5mA max. (4MHz external clock source) 2.5mA max. (3MHz typ. RC oscillation) (tool: evaluation impossible)	2.5mA max. (4MHz ceramic resonator oscillation) 3.5mA max. (4MHz external clock source)
• External constants for RC oscillation	C = 100pF R = 2.2kΩ	C = 100pF R = 2.7kΩ(tool: R = 2.2kΩ)	Not applicable
Case outline (package)	DIC645 with window QFC64 with window	DIP645 QFP64A	DIP645 QFP64E

Package Dimensions

unit : mm

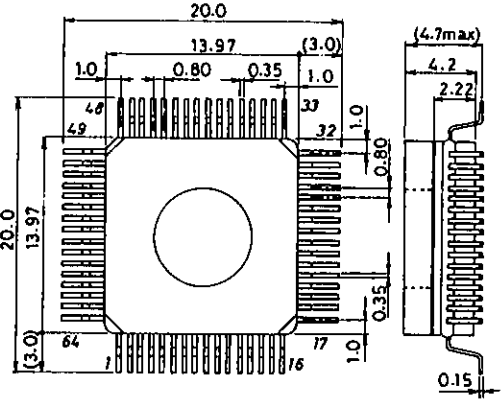
3126-DIC64S



SANYO: DIC64S

unit : mm

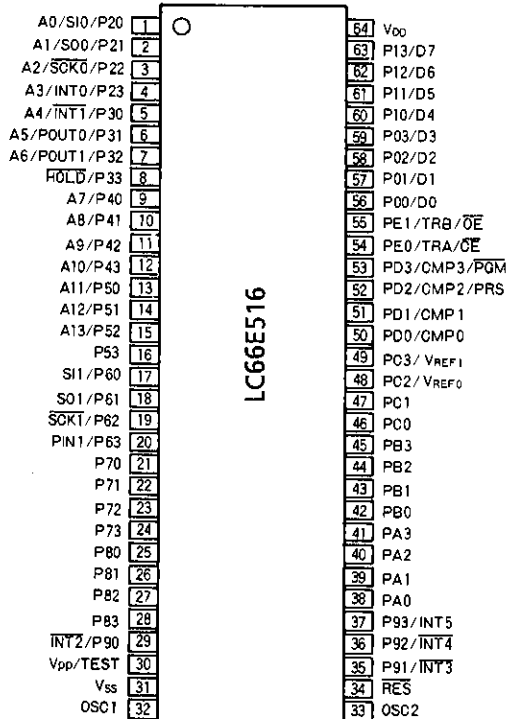
3194-QFC64



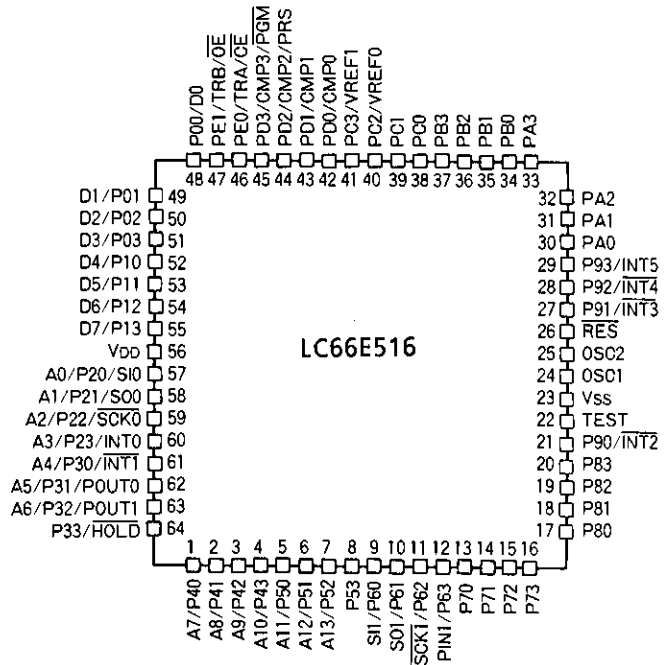
SANYO: QFC64

Pin Assignments

DIC64S with window

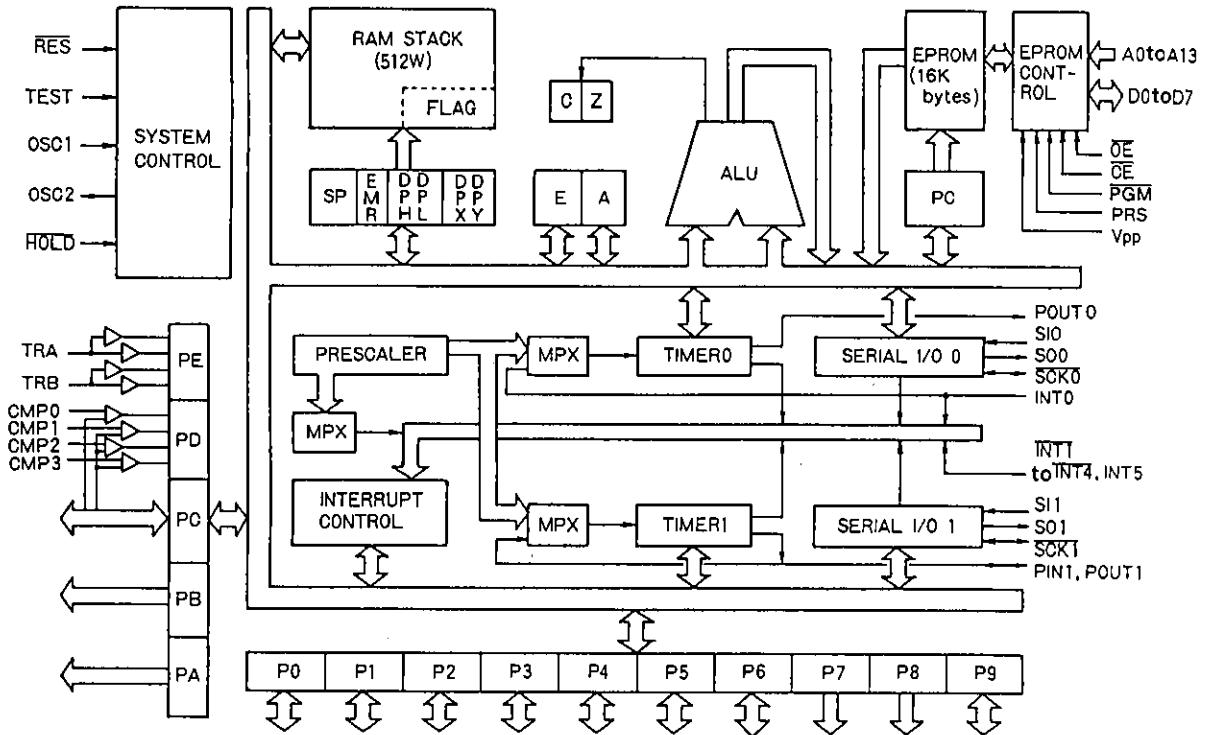


QFC64 with window



Top view

Block Diagram



Pin Function

Pin name	Input/output	Functional description	Output driver circuit output type	Option	During EPROM mode operation
P00/D0 P01/D1 P02/D2 P03/D3	I/O	Input/output port pins P00 to P03 - Used for input/output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - Used for controlling HALT mode operation.	- Pch: Pull-up (Pu) MOS type - Nch: Small sink current output type	- Pull-up (Pu) MOS output type or Nch open-drain (OD) output type - Output pin level at reset	Data input/output pins (D0 to D3)
P10/D4 P11/D5 P12/D6 P13/D7	I/O	Input/output port pins P10 to P13 - Used for input/output operation in 4-bit units or bit units.	- Pch: Pull-up (Pu) MOS type - Nch: Small sink current output type	- Pu MOS output type or Nch OD output type - Output pin level at reset	Data input/output pins (D4 to D7)
P20/SI0/A0 P21/SO0/A1 P22/SCK0/A2 P23/INT0/A3	I/O	Input/output port pins P20 to P23 - Used for input/output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - P20: Common with serial input SI0 - P21: Common with serial output SO0 - P22: Common with serial clock SCK0 - P23: Common with INT0 interrupt request input, timer 0-used event count input, pulse width measurement input	- Pch: CMOS type - Nch: Small sink current output type - +15V withstand voltage at Nch open drain (OD) output	- CMOS output type or Nch OD output type	Address inputs (A0 to A3)
P30/INT1/A4 P31/POUT0/A5 P32/POUT1/A6	I/O	Input/output port pins P30 to P32 - Used for input/output operation in 3-bit units or bit units and for input operation in 4-bit units (together with the P33 pin) or bit units. - P30: Common with INT1 interrupt request input - P31: Common with burst pulse output from timer 0 - P32: Common with burst pulse output from timer 1 and PWM output	- Pch: CMOS type - Nch: Small sink current output type - +15V withstand voltage for Nch OD output	- CMOS output type or Nch OD output type	Address input (A4 to A6)
P33/HOLD	I	HOLD mode control signal input - Used for activating HOLD operation mode with HOLD = L (active low) by using a HOLD instruction. - Used for restarting the CPU operation from the HOLD mode operation by changing the HOLD pin level from L to H. - Used as input port pin P33 to form a 4-bit input port with P30 to P32. - The CPU blocks cannot be reset even if the RES (active low) pin level changes from H to L, with the HOLD pin level = L. This means that you cannot write a user application program requiring the P33/HOLD pin to enter the L level state at the moment the system is powered on.			
P40/A7 P41/A8 P42/A9 P43/A10	I/O	Input/output port pins P40 to P43 - Used for input/output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - These four pins, combined with port pins P50 to P53, can be used for input/output operation in 8-bit units. - These four pins, together with port pins P50 to P53, can be used for 8-bit ROM data output.	- Pch: Pull-up (Pu) MOS type - Nch: Small sink current output type	- Pu MOS output type or Nch OD output type	Address input (A7 to A10)
P50/A11 P51/A12 P52/A13 P53	I/O	Input/output port pins P50 to P53 - Used for input/output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - These four pins, combined with port pins P40 to P43, can be used for input/output operation in 8-bit units. - These four pins, together with port pins P40 to P43, can be used for 8-bit ROM data output.	- Pch: Pull-up (Pu) MOS type - Nch: Small sink current output type	- Pu MOS output type or Nch OD output type	Address input (A11 to A13)

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Pin name	Input/output	Functional description	Output driver circuit output type	Option	During EPROM mode operation
P60/SI1 P61/SO1 P62/SCK1 P63/PIN1	I/O	Input/output port pins P60 to P63 - Used for input/output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - P60: Common with serial input SI1 - P61: Common with serial output SO1 - P62: Common with serial clock SCK1 - P63: Common with timer 1-used event count input	- Pch: CMOS type - Nch: Small sink current output type - +15V withstand voltage for Nch OD output	- CMOS output type or Nch OD output type	
P70 P71 P72 P73	O	Output port pins P70 to P73 - Used for output operation in 4-bit units or in bit units. - If you use an input-related instruction in your application program, the content of the output latch will be input.	- Pch: Pull-up (Pu) MOS type - Nch: Medium sink current output type - +15V withstand voltage for Nch OD output type	- Pu MOS output type or Nch output type	
P80 P81 P82 P83	O	Output port pins P80 to P83 - Used for output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - If you use an input-related instruction in your application program, the content of the output latch will be read in. - Pch OD output type optionally available. More about this later.	- Pch: CMOS type - Nch: Small sink current type	- CMOS output type or Pch OD output type - Output pin level at reset	
P90/INT2 P91/INT3 P92/INT4 P93/INT5	I/O	Input/output port pins P90 to P93 - Used for input/output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - P90: Common with INT2 interrupt request input - P91: Common with INT3 interrupt request input - P92: Common with INT4 interrupt request input - P93: Common with INT5 interrupt request input	- Pch: CMOS type - Nch: Small sink current type	- CMOS output type or Nch OD output type	
PA0 PA1 PA2 PA3	O	Output port pins PA0 to PA3 - Used for input operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - If you use an input-related instruction in your application program, the content of the output latch will be read in.	- Pch: Pull-up (Pu) MOS type - Nch: Medium sink current type - +15V withstand voltage for Nch OD output type	- Pu MOS output type or Nch OD output type	
PB0 PB1 PB2 PB3	O	Output port pins PB0 to PB3 - Used for output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - If you use an input-related instruction in your application program, the content of the output latch will be read in.	- Pch: Pull-up (Pu) MOS type - Nch: Medium sink current type	- Pu MOS output type or Nch OD output type	
PC0 PC1 PC2/VREF0 PC3/VREF1	I/O	Input/output port pins PC0 to PC3 - Used for input/output operation in 4-bit units or bit units. - PC2: Common with VREF0 comparator comparison voltage terminal - PC3: Common with VREF1 comparator comparison voltage terminal	- Pch: CMOS type - Nch: Small sink current type	- CMOS output type or Nch OD output type	
PD0/CMP0 PD1/CMP1 PD2/CMP2 /PRS PD3/CMP3 /PGM	I	Input port pins PD0 to PD3 - These four pins can be programmed for comparator inputs in user application programs. PD0 input will be compared with VREF0. Other inputs will be compared with VREF1. Please note that there are four comparators available in this system and these four comparators are grouped into two (one group: CMP0 and CMP1, the other group: CMP2 and CMP3), and that the comparators must be selected in group units.			EPROM control signal inputs (PRS and PGM)
PE0/TRA/ \overline{CE} PE1/TRB/ \overline{OE}	I	Input port pins PE0 to PE1 - These two tristate input port pins can be controlled in your application programs.			EPROM control signal inputs (\overline{OE} and \overline{CE})

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Pin name	Input/output	Functional description	Output driver circuit output type	Option	During EPROM mode operation
OSC1 OSC2	I O	Pins for connecting system clock oscillator externally. If external clock source mode is to be employed, use the OSC1 pin only for clock input. Leave the other pin open.		- Ceramic resonator oscillation, RC oscillation or external clock source	
RES	I	Input port pin for system reset request signal - To initialize the CPU, the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ (active low) pin level must be L with the P33/HOLD pin level = H.			
TEST/VPP	I	Input port pin for CPU test signal This pin should be connected with the VSS pin when this device is in operation.			
VDD VSS		Power supply pin			

Remarks:

- Pu MOS type output --- Pch MOS type transistor acts as a pull-up resistor when data is output.
- CMOS type output --- Pch MOS type transistor does not act as a pull-up resistor when data is output. Instead, it forms a complementary-symmetry MOS output circuit with an Nch MOS type transistor.
- OD output --- Open drain output type

Note:

At the system reset, the pin output level of each of input/output and output port pins will be "H" except for such pins as ports 0, 1 and 8. The output level of these exceptions can be specified by the user options. In addition to this system reset operation, the port output type will be set to open drain at the system reset, which is irrespective of user option specification. In this case, there is no exception.

User options

1. Option for specifying the output level of ports 0, 1 and 8 at the system reset
The output level of ports 0, 1 and 8 at the system reset can be selected from the following two optional levels by the user option. In this case, it should be kept in mind that the output levels of all the four bits of each input/output port are specified at the same time.

Option name	Condition
1. "H" output level	In 4-bit units
2. "L" output level	In 4-bit units

2. Option for selecting oscillation circuit

Option name	Selectable oscillation circuit	Condition
1. External clock source		- Schmitt trigger input
2. 2-pin (OSC1 and OSC2) RC oscillation circuit		- Schmitt trigger input
3. Ceramic resonator oscillation circuit		

(3) Option for selecting watchdog timer function

This option permits the user to select the watchdog timer function. This function could be helpful in detecting a timeout error from your user application program.

(4) Option for specifying port output type

i) This option permits the user to select a desired port output type of the following ports from the two output types listed in the table below. Please note that port output types can be specified in bit units.

Ports: P0, P1, P2, P3 (P33/HOLD not included), P4, P5, P6, P7, P9, PA, PB, and PC

Option name	Selected output circuit type	Conditions
1. Open drain output type		Ports P7, PA and PB are provided exclusively for output operation. Ports P2, P3, P6 and P9 employ Schmitt trigger input.
2. Pull-up transistor output type		Ports P7, PA and PB are provided exclusively for output operation. Ports P2, P3, P6 and P9 employ Schmitt trigger input. The Pch type MOS transistor can act as either a pull-up resistor (for Pu MOS output circuit) or an output transistor (CMOS output circuit), which depends on its driving capability. CMOS output type: P2, P3, P6, P9 and PC. Pu MOS output: P0, P1, P4, P5, P7, PA and PB.

ii) The output type of P8 can be selected from the following two options. Please note that the output types for the port pins can be specified in bit units.

Option name	Selected output circuit type	Condition
1. Option drain output type (Pch OD)		
2. Pull-down resistor output type		

iii) Comparator input of the PD and **tristate** input of the PE can be specified in your user application program.

User option specification

To select desired user options, you must write appropriate data into the user option specification area in the on-chip EPROM. The user option specification will be discussed in detail on the following pages.

LC66E516

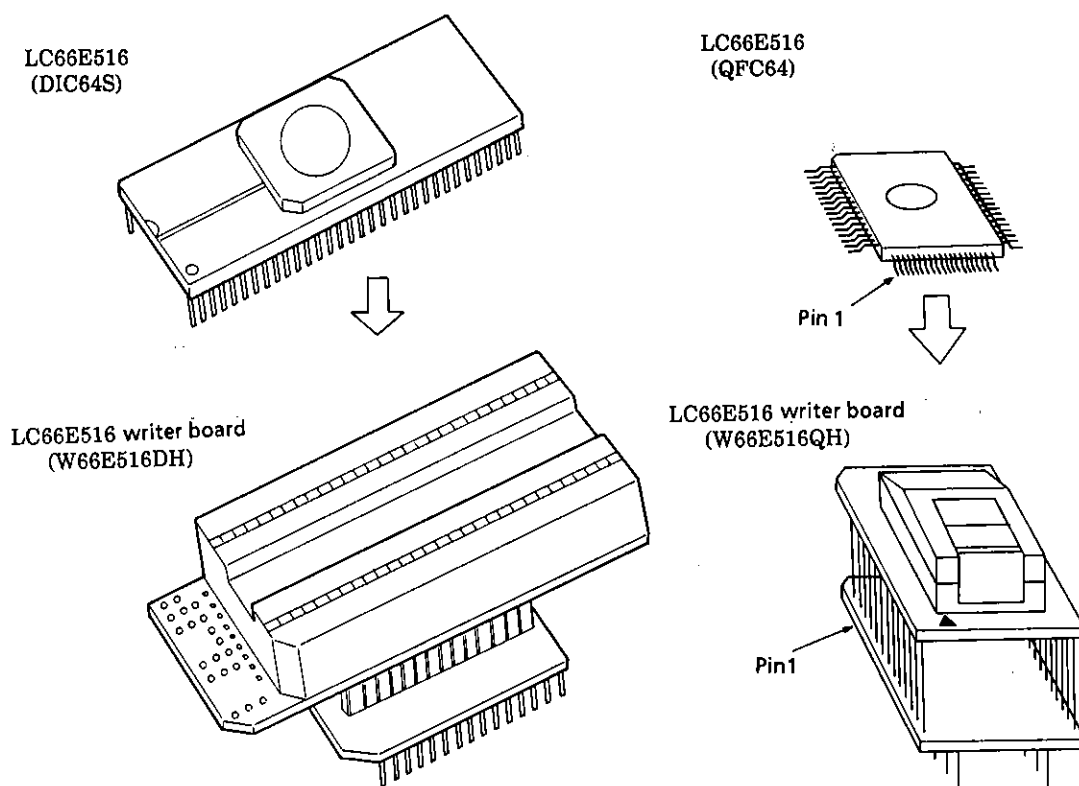
How to write data in the user option specification area and the program area in the on-chip EPROM

(1) Writing option codes to the user option specification area

Use the cross assembler for the LC66E516 mask programmed ROM- version microcomputer when you write option codes in the user specification area. When your source application program is assembled, the option data will be stored in the user option specification area (3FF8 through 3FFF). In addition to the above writing, you are allowed to write option data directly into the user option specification area in the on-chip EPROM. In this case, making references to the option code specification list on the next page will be a "must".

(2) Writing program into the on-chip EPROM program area

An EPROM writer available on your local market can be used to write program into the on-chip EPROM program area. In this case, the EPROM writer (27128 EPROM writer) must be used together with the dedicated writer board because the pin conversion (64 into 28) is required. The dedicated writer board is shown below. Please note that the EPROM writer must be either an ADVANTEST product or the EVA800/850 accessory writer. Such an EPROM writer enables you to write your application program into the EPROM in Intel high-speed writing method.



This dedicated writer board is inserted into the EPROM writer available on your local market. (Select either an ADVANTEST writer product or the EVA800/850 accessory EPROM writer).

Manufacturer	Model
ADVANTEST	TR4943, R4944A, R4945 or equivalent
Sanyo	EVA850 or EVA800 accessory EPROM writer

Notes

1. Intel is a registered trademark of Intel Corporation.
2. ADVANTEST is a registered trademark of ADVANTEST Corporation.

(3) How to erase the contents of the on-chip EPROM

To erase the contents of the on-chip EPROM, you can use an EPROM eraser available on your local market.

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Option code specification list

ROM address	Bit	Optional item	Option data and selections	
3FF8H	7	Unused	Always set to "0".	
	6			
	5			
	4	Oscillation circuit type	1: Ceramic resonator oscillation, 0: RC oscillation of external clock source	
	3	P8	Output level at the system reset	1="H"-level, 0="L"-level
	2	P1		
	1	P0		
0	Watchdog timer function option		1: Selected, 0: Not selected.	
3FF9H	7	P13	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	6	P12		
	5	P11		
	4	P10	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	3	P03		
	2	P02		
	1	P01		
0	P00			
3FFAH	7	P33	Unused	Always set to "0".
	6	P32	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	5	P31		
	4	P30		
	3	P23	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	2	P22		
	1	P21		
0	P20			
3FFBH	7	P53	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	6	P52		
	5	P51		
	4	P50	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	3	P43		
	2	P42		
	1	P41		
0	P40			
3FFCH	7	P73	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	6	P72		
	5	P71		
	4	P70	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	3	P63		
	2	P62		
	1	P61		
0	P60			
3FFDH	7	P93	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	6	P92		
	5	P91		
	4	P90	Output circuit type	1=PD, 0=OD
	3	P83		
	2	P82		
	1	P81		
0	P80			
3FFEH	7	PB3	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	6	PB2		
	5	PB1		
	4	PB0	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD
	3	PA3		
	2	PA2		
	1	PA1		
0	PA0			
3FFFH	7	Unused	Always set to "0".	
	6			
	5			
	4	Output circuit type	1=PU, 0=OD	
	3			PC3
	2			PC2
	1			PC1
0	PC0			

Remarks:

- PU --- Pull-up MOS type resistance output
- PD --- Pull-down MOS type resistance output
- OD --- Open-drain output

Note: The pull-up MOS type resistance output represents the pull-up MOS (Pu MOS) type resistor output circuit and the complementary MOS (CMOS) type output circuit.

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(1) Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25 °C and VSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins applicable and related information	Conditions	Limits	Unit	Note
Supply voltage range	VDD max	VDD		-0.3to+7.0	V	
Input voltage range	VIN(1)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD) and P6.		-0.3to+15.0	V	1
	VIN(2)	All the pins other than the above		-0.2toVDD+0.3	V	2
Output voltage range	VOUT(1)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD), P6, P7 and PA.		-0.3to+15.0	V	1
	VOUT(2)	All the pins other than the above.		-0.3toVDD+0.3	V	2
Output current per pin	ION(1)	P0, P1, P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD), P4, P5, P6, P8, P9 and PC.		4	mA	3
	ION(2)	P7, PA, PB		20	mA	3
	-IOP(1)	P0, P1, P4, P5, P7, PA, PB		2	mA	4
	-IOP(2)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD), P6, P8, P9 and PC.		4	mA	4
Pin total current	ΣION(1)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD), P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8.		75	mA	3
	ΣION(2)	P0, P1, P9, PA, PB, PC		75	mA	3
	-ΣIOP(1)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD), P4, P5, P6, P7, and P8.		25	mA	4
	-ΣIOP(2)	P0, P1, P9, PA, PB, PC		25	mA	4
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max.	Ta = +10to+40°C	DIC-64S	600	mW	
Operating temperature range	Topr			+10to+40	°C	
Storage temperature range	Tstg			-55to+125	°C	

Note 1: Applicable only to the pins with open drain output circuit. Otherwise, refer to the values listed in the "all the pins other than the above" column.

Note 2: As far as oscillation input and output are concerned, the voltage range can cover the self-oscillating level.

Note 3: Sink current. As far as the P8 is concerned, these parameters can apply only to the CMOS output circuit.

Note 4: Source current. Apply to the both of the pull-up output circuit and the CMOS output circuit except for P8.

(2) Allowable operating conditions (Ta = +10 °C to +40 °C and VSS = 0V, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins applicable	Conditions	Limits			Unit	Note	
				VDD(V)	min	typ			max
Operating supply voltage range	VDD	VDD			4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Memory backup voltage range	VDD(H)	VDD	With HOLD mode "ON"		1.8		5.5	V	
High-level input voltage	VIH(1)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD) and P6.	With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5to5.5	0.75VDD		+13.5	V	1
	VIH(2)	P33/HOLD, P9 RES OSC1	With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5to5.5	0.75VDD		VDD	V	2
	VIH(3)	P0, P1, P4, P5, PC, PD, PE	With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5to5.5	0.7VDD		VDD	V	3
	VIH(4)	PE	With tri-state input mode selected	4.5to5.5	0.8VDD		VDD	V	

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Parameter	Symbol	Pins applicable	Conditions	V _{DD} (V)	Limits			Unit	Note
					min	typ	max		
Intermediate level input voltage range	V _{IM}	PE	With tri-state input mode selected.	4.5 to 5.5	0.4V _{DD}		0.6V _{DD}	V	
In-phase input voltage range	V _{CMM}	PD, PC2, PC3	With comparator input mode selected	4.5 to 5.5	1.0		V _{DD} -1.5	V	
Low level input voltage range	V _{IL} (1)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD), P6, P9 and RES.	With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.25V _{DD}	V	2
	V _{IL} (2)	P33/HOLD		1.8 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.25V _{DD}	V	
	V _{IL} (3)	P0, P1, P4, P5, PC, PD, PE, TEST	With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.3V _{DD}	V	3
	V _{IL} (4)	PE	With tristate input mode selected.	4.5 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	V	
Operating frequency (instruction cycle time)	f _{OP} (T _{CYC})			4.5 to 5.5	0.4 (10)		4.35 (0.92)	MHz (μs)	
External clock input mode	Frequency	f _{ext}	OSC1	Please refer to Figure 1. As it shows, input clocks reach the OSC1 pin from an external clock source and the OSC2 pin should be left open. The oscillation circuit option should be "external clock input".	4.5 to 5.5	0.4		4.35	MHz
	Pulse width	t _{extH} t _{extL}			4.5 to 5.5	70			ns
	Rise and Fall times	t _{extR} t _{extF}			4.5 to 5.5			30	ns
Self oscillation mode	Ceramic resonator oscillation	Oscillation frequency	f _{CF}	OSC1, OSC2	Refer to Figure 2.	4MHz	4.5 to 5.5	4.0	MHz
		Oscillation stabilization time period	t _{CFS}		Refer to Figure 3.	4MHz	4.5 to 5.5		10
Self oscillation mode	External R and C constants	Cext	OSC1, OSC2	Refer to Figure 4.	4.5 to 5.5			100	pF
		Rext						2.2	kΩ

Note 1: These values apply to the case where the open-drain circuit type has been specified. Note that the P33/HOLD pin is not included (refer to the values listed in V_{IH}(2) column and that the pins P2, P3 and P6 cannot be used as the input pins as far as the CMOS output circuit type has been employed.

Note 2: These values apply to the case where the open drain circuit type has been selected. Note that the pin P9 cannot be used as the input pin as far as the CMOS type output circuit has been employed.

Note 3: When the pin PE has been selected as the tristate input pin, the values listed in the V_{IH}(4), V_{IM} and V_{IL}(4) columns should apply to the pin. Note that the pin PC cannot be used as the input pin as far as the CMOS type output circuit has been employed.

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(3) Electrical characteristics (Ta = +10 °C to +40 °C and VSS = 0V, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins applicable	Conditions	Limits			Unit	Note	
				VDD(V)	min	typ			max
High-level input current	I _{IH} (1)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD) and P6.	V _{IN} = 13.5V With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5 to 5.5			5.0	μA	1
	I _{IH} (2)	P0, P1, P4, P5, P9, PC, OSC1, RES and P33/HOLD. Note that the PD, PE, PC2 and PC3 are not included.	V _{IN} = VDD With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5 to 5.5			1.0	μA	1
	I _{IH} (3)	PD, PE, PC2, PC3	V _{IN} = VDD With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5 to 5.5			1.0	μA	1
Low-level input current	I _{IL} (1)	Input pins other than PD, PE, PC2 and PC3	V _{IN} = VSS With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5 to 5.5	-1.0			μA	2
	I _{IL} (2)	PC2, PC3, PD, PE	V _{IN} = VSS With output Nch transistor "OFF"	4.5 to 5.5	-1.0			μA	2
High-level output voltage	V _{OH} (1)	P2, P3 (except P33/HOLD), P6, P8, P9 and PC.	I _{OH} = -1 mA	4.5 to 5.5	VDD - 1.0			V	3
			I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	4.5 to 5.5	VDD - 0.5			V	3
	V _{OH} (2)	P0, P1, P4, P5, P7, PA, PB	I _{OH} = -200 μA	4.5	2.4			V	4
			I _{OH} = -130 μA	4.5 to 5.5	VDD - 1.35			V	4
Output pull-up current	I _{PO}	P0, P1, P4, P5, P7, PA, PB	V _{IN} = VSS	5.5	-1.6			mA	4
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL} (1)	P0, P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P8, P9 and PC (except P33/HOLD).	I _{OL} = 1.6 mA	4.5 to 5.5			0.4	V	5
	V _{OL} (2)	P7, PA, PB	I _{OL} = 10 mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	V	
Output-OFF leakage current	I _{OFF} (1)	P2, P3, P6, P7, PA	V _{IN} = 13.5V	4.5 to 5.5			5.0	μA	6
	I _{OFF} (2)	Pins other than P2, P3, P6, P7, P8 and PA	V _{IN} = VDD	4.5 to 5.5			1.0	μA	6
	I _{OFF} (3)	P8	V _{IN} = VSS	4.5 to 5.5	-1.0			μA	7
Comparator offset current	V _{OFF}	PD	V _{IN} = 1.0V to VDD - 1.5V	4.5 to 5.5		±50	±300	mV	
Schmitt characteristics	Hysteresis voltage	V _{HYS}	P2, P3, RES, P6, P9, OSC1 (RC, EXT)	4.5 to 5.5		0.1VDD		V	
	High-level threshold voltage	V _{tH}			0.5VDD		0.75VDD	V	
	Low-level threshold voltage	V _{tL}			0.25VDD		0.5VDD	V	
RC oscillation frequency range	f _{RC}	OSC1, OSC2	Refer to Figure 4. C = 100 pF ± 5 % R = 2.2 kΩ ± 1 %	4.5 to 5.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	MHz	

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Parameter		Symbol	Pins applicable		Conditions	Limits			Unit	Note	
						V _{DD} (V)	min	typ			max
Serial timing clock	Cycle time	t _{CKCY}	SCK0, SCK1	Refer to Figure 5 (timings) and Figure 6 (test load).	4.5 to 5.5	0.9			μs		
					4.5 to 5.5	2.0			T _{CYC}		
	Low-level and high-level pulse width	t _{CKL}	4.5 to 5.5		0.4			μs			
		t _{CKH}	4.5 to 5.5		1.0			T _{CYC}			
	Rise and fall time	t _{CKR} t _{CKF}	4.5 to 5.5				0.1	μs			
Serial input	Data setup time	t _{ICK}	SIO, SI1	Refer to Figure 5 (timings). Time periods based on the SCK0 and SCK1 clock rising edges (↑).	4.5 to 5.5	0.3			μs		
	Data HOLD time	t _{CKI}			4.5 to 5.5	0.3			μs		
Serial output	Output delay time	t _{CKO}	SO0, SO1	Refer to Figure 5 (timings) and Figure 6 (test load). Time period based on the SCK0 and SCK1 clock falling edges (↓).	4.5 to 5.5			0.3	μs		
Pulse input conditions	INT0 high-level and low-level pulse width	t _{I0H} t _{I0L}	INT0	Refer to Figure 7. - With INT0 interrupt request input acceptable. - With event counter (timer 0) input or pulse width measuring input acceptable.	4.5 to 5.5	2			T _{CYC}		
		High-level and low-level pulse width (INT0 not included)	t _{I1H} t _{I1L}							INT1, INT2, INT3, INT4, INT5	- With interrupt request inputs acceptable
	PIN1 high-level and low-level pulse width		t _{P1H} t _{P1L}							PIN1	- With event counter (timer 1) input acceptable
		RES high-level and low-level pulse width	t _{RSH} t _{RSL}							RES	- With reset request acceptable
Comparator response speed	T _{RS}	PD	Refer to Figure 8.		4.5 to 5.5			30	μs		
Current drain during basis operation mode	I _{DD OP}	V _{DD}		4 MHz ceramic resonator oscillation	4.5 to 5.5		4.5	8	mA	8	
				4 MHz external clock source				6.5	11		mA
				RC oscillation				4.0	8		mA

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Parameter	Symbol	Pin applicable	Conditions	Limits			Unit	Note	
				V _{DD} (V)	min	typ			max
Current drain during HALT operation mode	IDDHALT	VDD	4 MHz ceramic resonator oscillation	4.5 to 5.5		2.5	4.5	mA	
			4 MHz external clock source			3.5	6.0		mA
			RC oscillation			2.5	4.5		
Current drain during HOLD operation mode	IDDHOLD	VDD		1.8 to 5.5		0.01	10	μA	

- Note 1: Applicable to the case where input/output common ports have been set to open-drain output circuit type and the output Nch transistors have been in OFF state. Note that the input/output common ports cannot be used as the input port if they have been set to the CMOS output circuit type.
- Note 2: Applicable to the case where input/output common ports have been set to open-drain output circuit type and the output Nch transistors have been in OFF state. If the pull-up transistor output circuit type has been employed, please refer to the value listed in the output pull-up current column (IPO). Note that input/output common ports cannot be used as the input ports if they have been set to the CMOS output circuit type.
- Note 3: Applicable to the case where the ports have been set to the CMOS output circuit type and the output Nch transistors have been in OFF state. Also applicable to the P8 pin as far as it has been set to the Pch open-drain output circuit type.
- Note 4: Applicable to the case where the ports have been set to the pull-up resistor output circuit type and the output Nch transistors have been in OFF state.
- Note 5: Applicable to the case where the P8 pin has been set to the CMOS output circuit type.
- Note 6: Applicable to the case where the ports have been set to the open-drain output circuit type and the output Nch transistors have been in OFF state.
- Note 7: Applicable to the case where the port has been set to the open-drain output circuit type and the output Pch transistor has been in OFF state.
- Note 8: Reset mode.

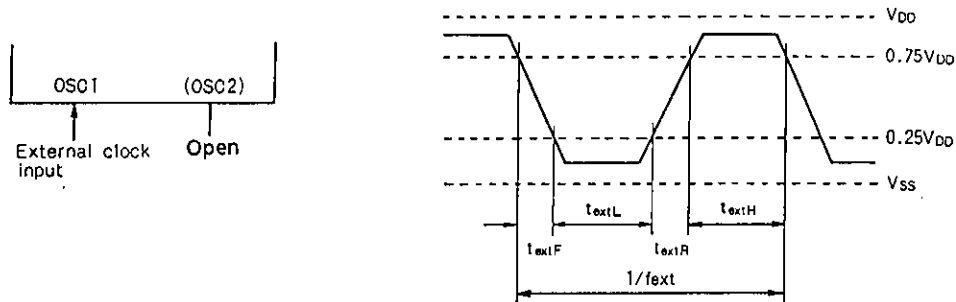


Figure 1. External clock input waveform

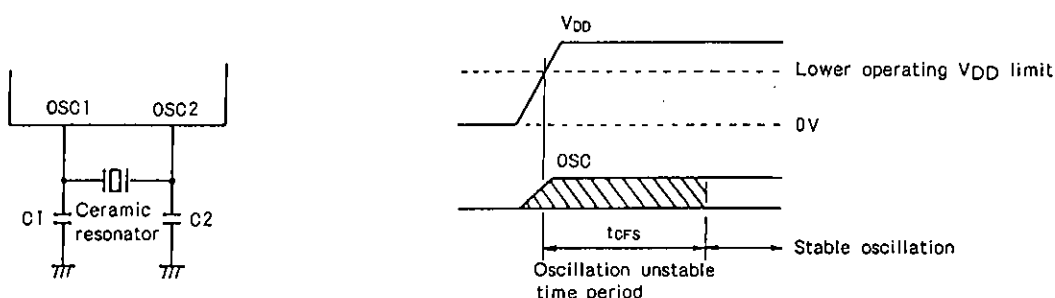


Figure 2. Ceramic resonator oscillation circuit

Figure 3. Oscillation stabilization time

Capacitance (external)	4 MHz (Murata)	C1	33pF ±10%
	CSA4.00MG	C2	33pF ±10%
	4 MHz (Kyocera)	C1	33pF ±10%
	KBR4.0MS	C2	33pF ±10%
Capacitance (internal)	4 MHz (Murata) CST4.00MG		
	4 MHz (Kyocera) KBR-4.0MES		

Table 1. Ceramic resonator oscillation constants (recommended)

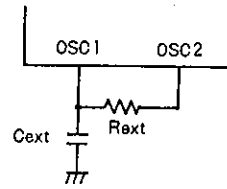


Figure 4. RC oscillation

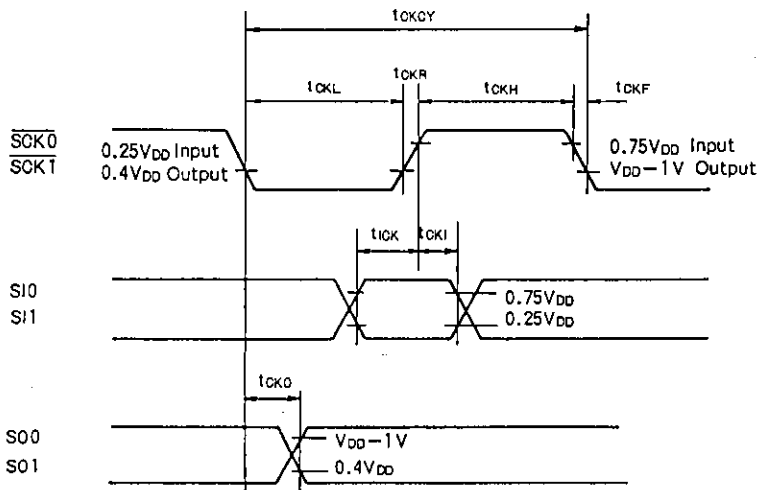


Figure 5. Serial input/output timings

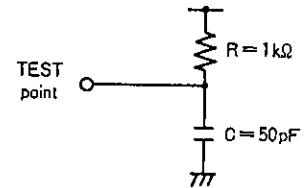


Figure 6. Timing load

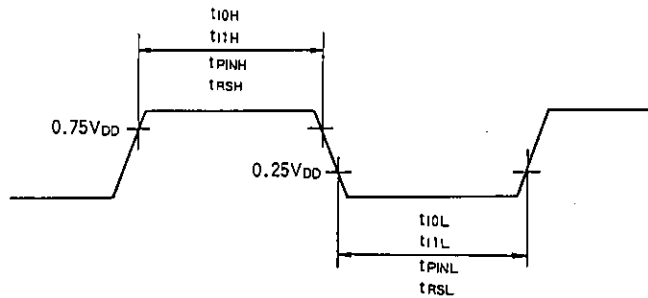


Figure 7. Input timings for INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3, INT4, INT5, PIN1 and RES

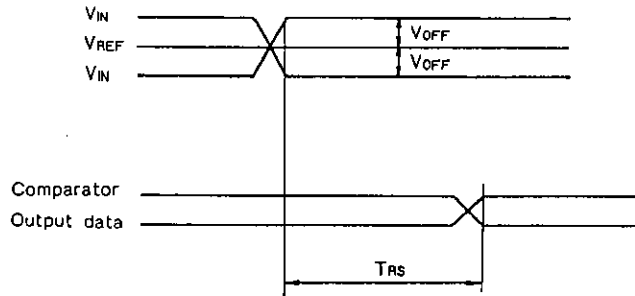


Figure 8. Comparator response speed (TRS) and output timing

LC66E516 RC oscillation characteristics

Figure 9 shows the RC oscillation characteristics of the LC66E516 microcomputer.

The RC oscillation frequency range that can be guaranteed is shown below with the external constants and other conditions:

$$2.0\text{MHz} \leq f_{RC} \leq 4.0\text{MHz}$$

External constants --- Cext = 100pF and Rext = 2.2kΩ

Ta = +10 °C to +40 °C and VDD = 4.5V to 5.5V

If you are to employ the external constants other than the above, the Rext and the Cext should be within the range between T.B.D kΩ and T.B.D kΩ, and between T.B.D pF and T.B.D pF, respectively. Please take a close look at the figure below.

Note 10: With VDD = 4.5V to 5.5V and Ta = +10 °C to +40 °C, the oscillation frequency to be selected should meet the requirement that the operating frequencies in the range between 0.4MHz and 4.3MHz must be provided without fail.

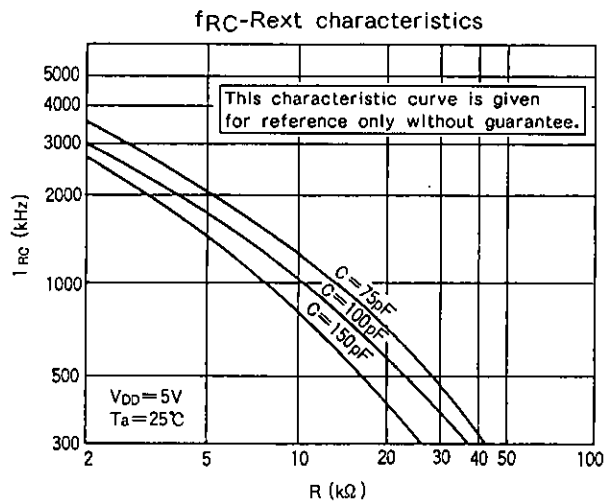


Figure 9. RC oscillation frequency reference values

Series Lineup

Type Number	Pins	ROM capacity	RAM cap	Package	Features
LC66304A/306A/308A	42	4K/6K/8KB	512W	DIP42S QFP48E	Normal version 4.0to6.0V/0.92 μ S
LC66404A/406/408A	42	4K/6K/8KB	512W	DIP42S QFP48E	
LC66506B/508B/512B/516B	64	6K/8K/12K/16KB	512W	DIP64S QFP64A	
LC66354A/356A/358A	42	4K/6K/8KB	512W	DIP42S QFP48E	Low voltage version 2.2to5.5V/0.92 μ S
LC66354S/356S/358S *	42	4K/6K/8KB	512W	QFP44M	
LC66556A/558A/562A/566A	64	6K/8K/12K/16KB	512W	DIP64S QFP64E	Low voltage high- speed version 3.0to5.5V/0.92 μ S
LC66354B/356B/358B	42	4K/6K/8KB	512W	DIP42S QFP48E	
LC66556B/558B	64	6K/8KB	512W	DIP64S QFP64E	
LC66562B/566B	64	12K/16KB	512W	DIP64S QFP64E	Evaluation-use windowed version & one-time version 4.5to5.5V/0.92 μ S *: with window
LC66E308	42	EPROM 8KB	512W	DIC42S* QFC48*	
LC66P308	42	OTPROM 8KB	512W	DIP42S QFP48E	
LC66E408	42	EPROM 8KB	512W	DIC42S* QFC48*	
LC66P408	42	OTPROM 8KB	512W	DIP42S QFP48E	
LC66E516	64	EPROM 16KB	512W	DIC64S* QFC64 *	
LC66P516	64	OTPROM 16KB	512W	DIP64S QFP64E	

*Note: Under development

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